PRESENT PERFECT (Pr P)

El **PRESENT PERFECT** equivale al **PRETÉRITO PERFECTO COMPUESTO** en español. Se utiliza para expresar acciones del pasado reciente o acciones que tienen lugar en un tiempo del pasado indefinido. Se construye con:

verbo HABER + PARTICIPIO PASADO (Irregular verbs: V3 - Regular verbs: ED).

SPANISH:	ENGLISH:	
Yo he comprado un móvil. Él ha estudiado inglés.	I have bought a mobile phone. (He has studied English.	(V3) '-ED)
El fia estudiado ingles.	The mas studied Elignism.	-ED)

1. EXAMPLES

AFFIRMATIVE	l ´ve seen Paul.	She has finished her homework.
NEGATIVE	I haven't seen Paul.	She hasn't finished her homework.
INTERROGATIVE	(Where) have you see	n Paul? Has she finished her homework?
SHORT ANSWER	Yes, she has	No, She hasn´t

2. STRUCTURE

AFFIRMATIVE	subject + have/ has + past participle + compl.
NEGATIVE	subject + haven't / hasn't + past participle + compl.
INTERROGATIVE	(WH-word)+have/ has + subject + past participle + compl.?
SHORT ANSWER	Yes, subject (pr.) + have/ has
	No, subject (pr.) + haven't / hasn't

3. USES + PARTICLES

1. PAST ACTIONS CONTINUING NOW

(Expresa acciones que empezaron en el pasado y aún continúan)

- How long have you lived here?
- I've lived in Seville for ten years / since 2011.
- He has studied for an hour.
- She hasn't done anything since this morning.
- The baby **has been** in hospital <u>for three days</u> /<u>since Monday</u>.
- I haven't seen you for ages / since we finished primary school.

How long? = ¿cuánto tiempo? (para preguntar por la duración de una acción)

for = durante/ desde hace/ 0 + a period of time

for several days- for a few weeks - for ten months - for about ten years - for ages

since = desde / desde que + a specific point in time

since three o'clock- since Monday- since yesterday- since last week- since 1990since I was born- since I started to study here- since she got married

2. INDEFINITE PAST ACTIONS/ PERSONAL EXPERIENCES

(Expresa acciones ocurridas en el pasado sin especificar cuándo (tiempo indefinido). También sirve para expresar experiencias personales.)

- I've been to England three times.
- Have you ever travelled by boat? Yes, I have. / No, I haven't.
- This is the best book I've ever read.
- This is the worst film I've ever seen.
- Have you ever ridden a horse? I've never ridden a horse.
- He's <u>never</u> been there.
- It's the first time I've driven a car/ eaten snails!

ever = alguna vez (interrogative) // jamás (affirmative)
never= nunca (aff.)

3. RECENT PAST

(Expresa acciones pasadas recientes, que afectan al presente o con efectos visibles en el presente)

- I've spent all my money. I can't buy anything else.
- She's cut her finger. It's bleeding.
- We have been very busy <u>lately</u>.
- Have you seen any good film recently?

recently= recientemente

lately = últimamente

today - this morning - this week - this year ... Expresiones de tiempo que indican un periodo de tiempo aún no terminado.

4. OTHER PARTICLES

* JUST = acabar de	(affirmative sentence) \rightarrow position: before past participle	1. Fill in with FOR,	
- I ´ve just finished the exa	m.	1 My son went to	
- the film has <u>just</u> begun .		2 Leonard has 3 Mary has lived 4 We have	
* ALREADY = ya - She´s <u>already</u> finished th - I´ve <u>already</u> seen that fil		5 The waiter has 6Have they visite 7That man has 8Has the girl live 9The plane has fl 10The businessm 11There has been 12John has perfo 13 The woman has 14 I have known	
* YET 1. todavía, aún - She hasn´t finished the p	(negative sentence) → position: at the end. project <u>yet.</u>		
- I haven´t seen that film <u>y</u>	<u>vet</u> .		
2. ya	(interrogative sentence) \rightarrow position: at the end.	2. WRITE QUE THESE WORDS 1 How long/you/	
- Has she finished the project <u>yet</u> ?		2 You /be/ there,	
- Have you seen that film	<u>yet</u> ?	3 How long/ he/ 4 He /live/there/	
*ALWAYS = siempre	You ´ve <u>always</u> been in love with her.	5 How long /she/	
* SO FAR = hasta ahora	She has written nine books <u>so far</u> .	6 She / travel/ ro	
		7Where/ you/be	
		8 You /be/ at the	

PRESENT PERFECT: ACTIVITIES

SINCE, JUST, ALREADY, YET

o the supermarket but he hasn't come back made his bed but he hasn't called his girlfriend in Morocco she was ten years old. met the new teacher at the high school. brought me some coffee and biscuits. ed London? No, they haven't gone there. come late again. His boss is very angry with him. ed in France five years? Yes, she arrived five years ago. lown twelve hours. nan has worked in the same office he was 25 years old. en many accidents on this road last year. ormed the same playa long time. nasn't sold her car, but she wants to sell it. my boyfriend we were at primary school.

STIONS AND ANSWERS IN PRESENT PERFECT USING

- /be/ in Africa?
- / for three years?
- live/ in Berlin?
- 2002?
- wear/that coat?
- ound the world /for four years?
- e/ today?
- hospital?
- 9.- How long/ the detective/ look/ for the man?
- 10.- Why /she/take/my money?

PAST SIMPLE vs PRESENT PERFECT

1. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Past Simple or Present Perfect:

1	in an aeroplane before? (you
	ever fly)
2.	
	already forget)
3	My parentsme some money
	when I left home, (give)
4	There's nobody here - everybody
	out. (go)
5.	when you left the dentist?
	(your mouth hurt)
6	I asked them to be quiet but they
	talking, (keep)
7	Ihim since we were at school
	together, (know)
8	1a lot since 1 started coming
	to this school, (learn)
9	Ihim £500. (already lend)
10) The policeme talk to Jane
	after she was arrested, (let)
11	Wethe beds and cleaned the
	rooms, (already make)
12.	
	I carried the suitcases into the hall and
	them by the front door, (put)
14	She
14	
1.5	already, (read)
15	I left the house andquickly
	down the street, (run)

2. Complete the sentences with the verb in the Past Simple or Present Perfect:	
1	Ithe doctor about it, but she couldn't help.
	(already see)
2	I'm sorry, the car's not here - Iit. (just sell)
3	Sheyou a letter three weeks ago. (send)
4	Ithe door quietly when I left, (shut)
5	Shevery well, but I didn't like the band.
	(sing)
6	I was so tired Ifor twelve hours, (sleep)
7	to John's teacher about his homework yet?
	(you speak)
8	I'm afraid Iall the money, (already spent)
9	Iin the rain and waited for the bus. (stand)
10	
11	Someoneme about your new job. (just tell)
12	She the ball to me and I caught it. (throw)
13	Iwhat he was trying to say, but Pat didn't.
	(understand)
14	Sheexpensive clothes and drove a Mercedes.
	(wear)
15	Isixty letters asking for jobs, (already write]