

# FUTURE FORMS IN ENGLISH

1. FUTURE SIMPLE (FS): WILL + BASE FORM
2. BE GOING TO + BASE FORM = ir a + infinitivo (futuro de intención)
3. PRESENT CONTINUOUS – ARRANGEMENTS
4. PRESENT SIMPLE – TIMETABLE ACTIVITIES
5. FUTURE CONTINUOUS

## 1. FUTURE SIMPLE (FS) : WILL + BASE FORM

**a EXAMPLES:** Yo **conseguiré** un buen trabajo.

+	I'll <b>get</b> a good job.	He'll <b>earn</b> a lot of money.
-	You <b>won't pass</b> the exam.	She <b>won't be</b> a singer.
¿	What <b>will</b> you <b>do</b> tomorrow?	<b>Will</b> you <b>be</b> a teacher in the future?
S.A	Yes, I <b>will</b>	No, I <b>won't</b>

## b STRUCTURE

+	subject + <b>will + verb</b> (base form) + complements
-	subject + <b>won't + verb</b> (base form) + compl.
¿	(wh-word) + <b>will</b> + subject + <b>verb</b> (base form) + compl.?
S.A	Yes, subject (pronoun) + <b>will</b> No, subject (pronoun) + <b>won't</b>

## c USES

1. NEUTRAL FUTURE (indicar acciones o hechos futuros generales)
  - I **won't go** to the party tomorrow night. I have to take care of my sister.
  - I'll **call** you later.
  - **There will be** a lot of people at the party next weekend.
2. GENERAL PREDICTIONS (predicciones sobre lo que creemos que ocurrirá)
  - often used with "I think", "probably"
  - I think (that) ..... **will win** the Spanish Football League.
  - I think (that) cars **will fly** in the future. .
  - She **will probably be** famous one day.
3. SPONTANEOUS DECISIONS (Decisiones espontáneas)
  - A: The telephone is ringing. B: I'll **answer** it.
  - A: We've run out of milk. B: I'll **go** to the supermarket.
4. PROMISES (Promesas)
  - I promise I **won't tell** him about the surprise party./ - Don't worry, I'll **be** careful.

## d FUTURE TIME EXPRESSIONS

tomorrow	<b>next</b> Monday/week /month/year
soon	in the future
later	in (2090)
On Monday ...	<b>in</b> two years / <b>in</b> three days/ <b>in</b> five months...
one day	this time next year

## 2. BE GOING TO + BASE FORM = ir a + infinitivo (futuro de intención)

**a EXAMPLES:** Yo **voy a estudiar** más.

+	I'm <b>going to study</b> more.	It's <b>going to rain</b> .
-	I'm <b>not going to buy</b> a new car.	She <b>isn't going to come</b> .
¿	What <b>are</b> you <b>going to do</b> next year?	<b>Are</b> you <b>going to study</b> Bachillerato?
S.A	Yes, I <b>am</b>	No, I <b>'m not</b>

## b STRUCTURE

+	subject + <b>am/is/are + going to + verb</b> (base) + compl.
-	subject + <b>am not/ isn't /aren't + going to + verb</b> (base) + compl.
¿	(wh-word) + <b>am/is/are + subject + going to + verb</b> (base ) + compl.?
S.A	Yes, subject (pronoun) + <b>am/is/are</b> No, subject (pronoun) + <b>am not/ isn't/ aren't</b>

## c USES

1. FUTURE INTENTIONS. (Cosas que tenemos intención de hacer)
  - She **is going to study** English Philology at university next year.
  - I'm **going to stop** smoking this year.
  - My parent **are going to buy** a new car next month.
2. PREDICTIONS BASED ON EVIDENCE (SIGNS)
  - It's **going to rain** ( I can see the black clouds in the sky).
  - My sister **is going to have** a baby.
  - Look out! That tree **is going to fall**.
  - Drive more carefully! We **'re going to have** an accident!.

## d FUTURE TIME EXPRESSIONS

(The same time expressions presented with the Future Simple)

