MODALS and MODAL PERFECTS

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1) Rewrite these sentences using the modals or semi-modals in brackets.

- 1. It is against the law to drive without a licence. (mustn't)
- 2. Perhaps Sarah lends Simon some money. (may)
- 3. It is sometimes very hot here in the summer. (can)
- 4. Would you like me to bring you some magazines? (shall)
- 5. It isn't necessary to be over 18 to get married. (needn't)
- 6. It is important for me to pass the exam. (must)
- 7. It will not be necessary for you to come tomorrow. (have to)
- 8. Perhaps it will rain tonight. (may)
- 9. It is against the law to drive without a seat belt. (mustn't)
- 10. There's a small possibility that he comes on a motorbike. (might)

2) Rewrite these sentences so that they have the same meaning.

- 1. You may not smoke in this classroom. You
- 2. Perhaps he comes to the party. He
- 3. You can come but it isn't necessary. You
- 4. He wasn't able to lift the piano. He
- 5. She isn't allowed to enter the room. She
- 6. Do you know how to drive a lorry?
- 7. I don't believe you are a policeman. You
- 8. He ought to study more. He
- 9. I'm almost sure he is French. He
- 10. I suggest you get a second opinion. You

3) Rewrite these sentences so that they have the same meaning. They can be PRESENT or PAST

- 1. I'm sure they went away yesterday. They
- 2. It isn't necessary for you to go. You
- 3. Perhaps Frank will win the pools. Frank
- 4. I don't believe he took the money. He
- 5. It was wrong of him to break it. He ...
- 6. It's forbidden to drive on the right in Great Britain. You
- 7. Is it alright if I use your phone?
- 8. Perhaps George won't have time. George
- 9. Perhaps he didn't have time. He
- 10. I suppose they enjoyed the concert. They
- 11. You are not obliged to come back again. You
- 12. She mustn't enter. She isn't
- 13. I was wrong to say you were guilty. I
- 14. You are not allowed to smoke in this classroom. You

MODALS and MODAL PERFECTS (ANSWER)

1) Rewrite these sentences using the modals or semi-modals in brackets.

- 1. You mustn't drive without a licence. (mustn't)
- 2. Sarah may lend Simon some money. (may)
- 3. It can be very hot here in the summer. (can)
- 4. Shall I bring you some magazines? (shall)
- 5. You needn't be over 18 to get married. (needn't)
- 6. I must pass the exam. (must)
- 7. You don't have to come tomorrow. (have to)
- 8. It may rain tonight. (may)
- 9. You mustn't drive without a seat belt. (mustn't)
- 10. He might come on a motorbike. (might)

2) Rewrite these sentences so that they have the same meaning.

1. You may not smoke in this classroom. You mustn't / can't / aren't allowed to smoke in this classroom.

2. Perhaps he comes to the party. He **may** / **might** come to the party.

- 3. You can come but it isn't necessary. You can come but you don't have to / needn't (do it).
- 4. He wasn't able to lift the piano. He **couldn't** lift the piano.
- 5. She isn't allowed to enter the room. She **mustn't** / **can't** enter the room.
- 6. Do you know how to drive a lorry? Can you drive a lorry?
- 7. I don't believe you are a policeman. You **can't** be a policeman.
- 8. He ought to study more. He **should** study more.
- 9. I'm almost sure he is French. He **must** be French.

10. I suggest you get a second opinion. You should / ought to get a second opinion.

3) Rewrite these sentences so that they have the same meaning. They can be PRESENT or PAST.

- 1. I'm sure they went away yesterday. They must have gone away yesterday.
- 2. It isn't necessary for you to go. You needn't / don't have to go.
- 3. Perhaps Frank will win the pools. Frank may / might win the pools.
- 4. I don't believe he took the money. He **can't have taken** the money.
- 5. It was wrong of him to break it. He shouldn't have broken it.
- 6. It's forbidden to drive on the right in Great Britain. You **mustn't drive** on the right in Great Britain.
- 7. Is it alright if I use your phone? Can / May I use your phone?
- 8. Perhaps George won't have time. George **may not / might not have** time.
- 9. Perhaps he didn't have time. He may not / might not have had time.
- 10. I suppose they enjoyed the concert. They **must have enjoyed** the concert.
- 11. You are not obliged to come back again. You don't have to / needn't come back again.
- 12. She mustn't enter. She isn't allowed to enter.
- 13. I was wrong to say you were guilty. I shouldn't have said you were guilty.
- 14. You are not allowed to smoke in this classroom. You mustn't / can't / may not smoke in this classroom.